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13	Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Putative Class					
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
15	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
16	WILLIAM HOPWOOD, individually and on Case No. CV-13-2132-YGR					
17	behalf of all others similarly situated,		-2152-1 OK			
18	Plaintiff,		NDED CLASS ACTION			
19	v.	COMPLAINT				
20	NUANCE COMMUNICATIONS, INC., a	DEMAND FOR	KJURY TRIAL			
21	Delaware corporation, and INFINITY CONTACT, INC., an Iowa corporation,					
22	Defendants.					
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
	SECOND AMENDED		CASE NO. 13-CV-2132-Y			

1

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff William Hopwood brings this Class Action Complaint against Defendants Nuance
Communications, Inc. and Infinity Contact, Inc. to stop Defendants' practice of making
unsolicited phone calls to the cellular telephones of consumers nationwide and to obtain redress
for all persons injured by its conduct. Plaintiff, for his Second Amended Class Action Complaint,
alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to himself and his own acts and experiences, and,
as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by his
attorneys.

9

NATURE OF THE ACTION

Defendant Nuance Communications is a multinational computer software
 technology corporation that provides speech and imaging applications, including products focused
 on speech recognition, telephone call steering systems, automated telephone directory services,
 medical transcription software, optical character recognition software, and desktop imaging
 software.

Defendant Infinity Contact is a third-party provider of consumer telemarketing
 services with a focus on customer retention and acquisition. Infinity Contact asserts on its website
 that it "will work with you to tailor and implement multi-channel retention campaigns designed to
 communicate special offers, promotions, referrals, and rewards. We also recognize important
 milestones in your relationship with them, such as birthdays and anniversaries."

3. Likewise, Infinity Contact asserts that it will "[m]aximize the results of your direct
marketing campaigns by partnering with a proven expert in enhancing direct response programs.
Each interaction is an opportunity to connect with your customers and drive more sales. You need
a partner who has extensive experience in up- and cross-selling to maximize the revenue generated
from every interaction."

4. In an effort to promote and sell its various consumer and business products,
Defendant Nuance worked directly with Defendant Infinity Contact to make thousands of
unsolicited phone calls to consumers. Specifically, Nuance hired Infinity Contact to make
telephone solicitations on its behalf.

1

5. By making the telephone calls at issue in this Complaint, Defendants caused
 Plaintiff and the members of the Class actual harm, including the aggravation and nuisance that
 necessarily accompanies the receipt of unsolicited and harassing telephone calls, and the monies
 paid to their phone carriers for the receipt of such telephone calls.

5 6. Defendants repeatedly made (or directed to be made) unsolicited telephone calls to
6 Plaintiff's and the Class members' telephones in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection
7 Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ("TCPA").

7. The TCPA was enacted to protect consumers from unsolicited phone calls exactly
like those alleged in this case. In response to Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff filed the
instant lawsuit and seeks an injunction requiring Defendants to cease all unsolicited telephone
calling activities and an award of statutory damages to the members of the Class under the TCPA,
together with costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.

13

PARTIES

8. Plaintiff William Hopwood is a natural person and citizen of the State of Florida. 14 9. 15 Defendant Nuance Communications, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware. Nuance Communications is a publically traded company 16 with offices worldwide, including a primary office located at 1198 East Arques Avenue, 17 18 Sunnyvale, California 94085. Nuance Communications is registered to do business with the 19 California Secretary of State. Defendant Nuance regularly does business throughout the State of 20 California, in this District, and nationwide.

21 10. Defendant Infinity Contact, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the
22 laws of the State of Iowa with its principal place of business located at 4700 Tama Street SE,
23 Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52403. Defendant Infinity Contact regularly does business throughout the
24 State of California, in this District, and nationwide.

25

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

26 11. This Court has federal question subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331,
27 as the action arises under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227, a federal

28 statute.

2

1 12. The Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants and venue is proper in this
 2 District because Defendant Nuance maintains a primary corporate office in this District, and both
 3 Defendants transact significant amounts of business within this District, direct telephone calls
 4 here, solicit customers here, and enter into consumer and business contracts here.

5

COMMON FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

6 13. Defendant Nuance regularly engages in telemarketing in order to increase
7 consumer and business sales.

8 14. Defendant Infinity Contact provides a wide range of outbound and inbound
9 telemarketing services to third parties, including Defendant Nuance. These services include
10 "Customer Lifecycle", "Customer Acquisition", and "Customer Retention", as well as "B2C
11 outsourced sales programs, cross-sell and up-sell campaigns, direct response programs,
12 appointment setting and lead generation, [and] new product launches...." Infinity Contact further
13 states that it will "work hand in hand with your organization to ensure that customers receive a
14 differentiated level of service..."

15 15. In carrying out its various services, Infinity Contact works closely with Nuance and
acts as the Nuance brand (*e.g.*, when Infinity Contact places a call it represents that *it is Nuance*calling). Nuance provides Infinity Contact with scripts, product information, and directions on
who to call and how to interact with them. Likewise, Infinity Contact provides Nuance with
detailed call logs and analytics of the results of those calls.

16. However, in their joint efforts to obtain and retain customers, Defendants cast their
net too wide and use overly aggressive sales tactics. They not only place calls to consumers who
never purchased a Nuance product, but also make repeated calls to consumers who, regardless of
whether they purchased a Nuance product, have made express requests to no longer receive
telephone calls from Defendants, requested that their contact information be removed from
Defendants' databases, or both.

26 17. Plaintiff and the members of the putative Class either did not provide Defendants
27 informed and express consent to receive calls from Defendants, or revoked (likely on multiple
28 occasions) any purported consent.

18. Regardless, Plaintiff and members of the putative Class received repeated and
 unwanted telephone calls from Defendants, each promoting Defendant Nuance's products and
 services. In fact, online complaint websites are filled with hundreds of complaints regarding the
 receipt of unwanted calls from or on behalf of Defendant Nuance.

5 19. Defendants, through Defendant Infinity Contact's call centers, utilized an automatic 6 telephone dialing system to place the telephone calls to Class members. Specifically, the hardware 7 and software used by Defendants has the capacity to generate and store random numbers, or store 8 lists of telephone numbers, and to dial those numbers, *en masse*, in an automated fashion without 9 human intervention. Defendants' automated dialing equipment also is, or includes features 10 substantially similar to, a predictive dialer, meaning that it is capable of making numerous phone 11 calls simultaneously and automatically connecting answered calls to then available telemarketers.

20. Though an automated message plays when a call is placed to Nuance (or Infinity
Contact representing itself as Nuance) at (866) 771-6288, a consumer has the option to have his or
her phone number removed from Defendant Nuance's database. The automated message expressly
states that a removal request "will be processed within 7 days or less." As such, Defendants
identify what they believe to be the reasonable (and maximum) time necessary to process an optout request.

18

19

FACTS SPECIFIC TO PLAINTIFF HOPWOOD

21. Plaintiff Hopwood has purchased several Nuance products since 2006.

20 22. As part of those purchases, Plaintiff Hopwood created an account with Nuance and
21 registered his products.

22 23. Plaintiff Hopwood did not consent to receive telemarketing calls from Defendants.
23 Plaintiff Hopwood's cell phone number is not listed in and does not appear in his Nuance online
24 account. Likewise, Plaintiff Hopwood's "communication preferences" in his online account
25 indicate that he is only interested in receiving communications by email, and not by telephone.

- 26 24. Plaintiff Hopwood's cellular telephone number has been registered with the
 27 National Do Not Call Registry since at least 2008.
- 28
- 25. Starting at least as early as November 2012, Defendants began placing telephone

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calls to Plaintiff Hopwood's cellular telephone from the phone number (866) 459-2530. The
 telemarketer attempted to sell Plaintiff a product he had already purchased.

3 26. On a call with Defendants occurring in or around November 2012, Plaintiff
4 Hopwood expressly requested that he no longer be called by Defendants and that his information
5 be removed from their call database.

6 27. Plaintiff Hopwood thereafter received a telemarketing call from Defendants on
7 January 23, 2013, from the phone number (866) 771-6288, wherein he again requested to no
8 longer be called.

9 28. Plaintiff Hopwood received additional calls from Defendants on February 19,
10 February 20, and February 22, 2013. These calls also came from (866) 771-6288.

29. Defendants placed additional calls to Plaintiff Hopwood between November 2012
 and February 2013 that Plaintiff Hopwood did not answer.

13 30. The calls Plaintiff Hopwood received were made using equipment that had the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called using a random or sequential number 14 15 generator, and to dial such numbers. Additionally, Defendants' calls utilized interactive voice recognition technology, also known as a predictive dialer, in which calls are placed by a machine, 16 17 and when a consumer answers the phone, there is a noticeable pause prior to the recipient being connected to a live representative of Defendants. This technology, on information and belief, dials 18 19 several numbers simultaneously and connects the call to only those who answer first. 20 31. Defendants were and are aware that the above described telephone calls were and 21 are being made to consumers who had expressly requested to no longer receive them. 22 **CLASS ALLEGATIONS** 23 32. Plaintiff Hopwood brings this action pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 24 23(b)(2) and 23(b)(3) on behalf of himself and a class ("Class") defined as follows: 25 All individuals who received a call on a United States wireless telephone number from Infinity for the purpose of offering one or more Nuance products between 26 May 8, 2009 and the present.

27 Excluded from the Class are 1) Defendants, their officers and directors, and the members

28 of their immediate families; 2) the Judge or Magistrate Judge to whom this case is assigned

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and the Judge's or Magistrate Judge's immediate family, 4) persons who have had their
 claims finally adjudicated or otherwise released, 5) the legal representatives, successors, or
 assigns of any such excluded person, and 6) Plaintiff's counsel and Defendants' counsel.

33. Numerosity: The exact size of the Class is unknown and not available to Plaintiff
at this time, but it is clear that individual joinder is impracticable. On information and belief,
Defendants have made telephone calls to thousands of consumers who fall into the definition of
the Class. Class members can be identified through Defendants' records.

8 34. Typicality: Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of other members of the
9 Class, in that Plaintiff and the Class members sustained damages arising out of Defendants'
10 uniform wrongful conduct and unsolicited telephone calls.

35. Adequate Representation: Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and
 protect the interests of the Class and have retained counsel competent and experienced in complex
 class actions. Plaintiff has no interests antagonistic to those of the Class, and Defendants have no
 defenses unique to Plaintiff.

36. Commonality and Predominance: There are many questions of law and fact
common to the claims of Plaintiff and the Class, and those questions predominate over any
questions that may affect individual members of the Class. Common questions for the Class
include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following:

19 whether Defendants' conduct constitutes a violation of the TCPA; (a) 20 (b) whether the equipment Defendants used to make telephone calls to the 21 Class members was an automatic telephone dialing system as contemplated 22 by the TCPA; 23 (c) whether Defendants systematically made telephone calls to members of the 24 Class who did not previously provide Defendants with their prior express 25 consent to receive such telephone calls; 26 (d) whether Defendants made telephone calls to members of the Class more 27 than seven days after they requested to no longer receive telephone calls 28 from them; and CASE NO. 13-CV-2132-YGR 6 SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

1 2

3

 (e) whether Defendants systematically made telephone calls to members of the Class whose telephone numbers were registered with the National Do Not Call Registry.

37. 4 **Superiority**: This case is also appropriate for class certification as class 5 proceedings are superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of 6 this controversy because joinder of all parties is impracticable. The damages suffered by the 7 individual members of the Class will likely be relatively small, especially given the burden and expense required for individual prosecution of the complex litigation necessitated by Defendants' 8 9 actions. Thus, it would be virtually impossible for the individual members of the Class to obtain 10 effective relief from Defendants' misconduct. Even if members of the Class could sustain such individual litigation, it would still not be preferable to a class action, because individual litigation 11 12 would increase the delay and expense to all parties due to the complex legal and factual 13 controversies presented in this Complaint. By contrast, a class action presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the benefits of single adjudication, economy of scale, and 14 15 comprehensive supervision by a single court. Economies of time, effort, and expense will be fostered and uniformity of decisions ensured. 16 17 **COUNT I** 18 Violation of the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii) (On behalf of Plaintiff Hopwood and the Class) 19 38. Plaintiff Hopwood incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations as if fully set 20 forth herein. 21 39. Defendants made, or directed to be made, unsolicited telephone calls to cellular 22 telephone numbers belonging to Plaintiff Hopwood and other members of the Class without their 23 prior express consent to receive such calls. 24 40. Defendants also made unsolicited telephone calls to cellular telephone numbers 25 belonging to Plaintiff Hopwood and other members of the Class who requested to no longer 26 receive calls from Defendants but received such calls more than seven days after their express 27 requests. As such, the calls made to Class members after they revoked any purported consent were 28 7 CASE NO. 13-CV-2132-YGR SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

1 made without Plaintiff Hopwood's and the Class members' prior express consent to receive such 2 calls.

3 41. Defendants made the telephone calls, or directed them to be made, using equipment 4 that had the capacity to store or produce telephone numbers to be called using a random or 5 sequential number generator, and to dial such numbers.

42. Defendants utilized equipment that made, or had made on its behalf, the telephone 6 7 calls to Plaintiff Hopwood and other members of the Class simultaneously and without human 8 intervention.

9 43. By making, or having made on its behalf, the unsolicited telephone calls to Plaintiff 10 Hopwood and the Class members' cellular telephones without their prior express consent, and by 11 utilizing an automatic telephone dialing system to make those calls, Defendants have violated 47 12 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(A)(iii).

13 44. By making, or directing to be made, the unsolicited telephone calls to Plaintiff Hopwood and the Class members' cellular telephones more than seven days after the requests 14 15 were made to stop such calls (thereby revoking any purported consent), and by utilizing an automatic telephone dialing system to make those calls, Defendants have violated 47 U.S.C. § 16 227(b)(1)(A)(iii). 17

18 45. As a result of Defendants' unlawful conduct, Plaintiff Hopwood and the members 19 of the Class suffered actual damages in the form of monies paid to receive the unsolicited 20 telephone calls on their cellular phones and under section 227(b)(3)(B) are each entitled to, inter 21 alia, statutory damages for each such violation of the TCPA.

22 **COUNT II** 23 Violation of the TCPA, 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5) (On behalf of Plaintiff Hopwood and the Class) 24 46. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the foregoing allegations as if fully set forth 25 herein. 26 47. 47 U.S.C. § 227(c) provides that any "person who has received more than one 27 telephone call within any 12-month period by or on behalf of the same entity in violation of the 28

regulations prescribed under this subsection may," bring a private action based on a violation of
 said regulations, which were promulgated to protect telephone subscribers' privacy rights to avoid
 receiving telephone solicitations to which they object.

4 48. The Telephone Consumer Protection Act's implementing regulation, 47 C.F.R. § 5 64.1200 (c), provides that "No person or entity shall initiate any telephone solicitation" to "...(2) 6 A residential telephone subscriber who has registered his or her telephone number on the national 7 do-not-call registry of persons who do not wish to receive telephone solicitations that is 8 maintained by the federal government." 9 49. 47 C.F.R. §64.1200 (e), provides that §64.1200 (c) and (d) "are applicable to any 10 person or entity making telephone solicitations or telemarketing calls to wireless telephone numbers to the extent described in the Commission's Report and Order, CG Docket No. 02-278, 11 12 FCC 03-153, 'Rules and Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 13 1991," which Report and Order, in turn, provides as follows: 14 The Commission's rules provide that companies making telephone solicitations to residential telephone subscribers must comply with time of day restrictions and must 15 institute procedures for maintaining do-not-call lists. For the reasons described above, we conclude that these rules apply to calls made to wireless telephone numbers. We believe 16 that wireless subscribers should be afforded the same protections as wireline subscribers. 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200 (d) further provides that "No person or entity shall initiate any 17 50. call for telemarketing purposes to a residential telephone subscriber unless such person or entity 18 19 has instituted procedures for maintaining a list of persons who request not to receive telemarketing 20 calls made by or on behalf of that person or entity. The procedures instituted must meet the 21 following minimum standards: 22 (1) Written policy. Persons or entitles making calls for telemarketing purposes must have a written policy, available upon demand, for maintaining a do-not-call list. 23 (2) Training of personnel engaged in telemarketing. Personnel engaged in any aspect of 24 telemarketing must be informed and trained in the existence and use of the do-not-call list. 25 (3) Recording, disclosure of do-not-call requests. If a person or entity making a call for

(3) Recording, discrosure of do-not-call requests. If a person of entry making a call for
 telemarketing purposes (or on whose behalf such a call is made) receives a request from a
 residential telephone subscriber not to receive calls from that person or entity, the person or entity must record the request and place the subscriber's name, if provided, and
 telephone number on the do-not-call list at the time the request is made. Persons or entities making calls for telemarketing purposes (or on whose behalf such calls are made) must honor a residential subscriber's do-not-call request within a reasonable time from the date

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1	such request is made. This period may not exceed thirty days from the date of such request.				
2 3	(4) Identification of sellers and telemarketers. A person or entity making a call for telemarketing purposes must provide the called party with the name of the individual caller, the name of the person or entity on whose behalf the call is being made, and a				
4 5	telephone number or address at which the person or entity may be contacted. The telephone number provided may not be a 900 number or any other number for which charges exceed local or long distance transmission charges.				
6 7 8	(5) Affiliated persons or entities. In the absence of a specific request by the subscriber to the contrary, a residential subscriber's do-not-call request shall apply to the particular business entity making the call (or on whose behalf a call is made), and will not apply to affiliated entities unless the consumer reasonably would expect them to be included given the identification of the caller and the product being advertised.				
9 10	(6) Maintenance of do-not-call lists. A person or entity making calls for telemarketing purposes must maintain a record of a consumer's request not to receive further telemarketing calls. A do-not-call request must be honored for 5 years from the time the request is made."				
11	51. Defendants violated § 64.1200 (c) by initiating telephone solicitations to wireless				
12	subscribers, such as Plaintiff Hopwood and the Class members, who registered their respective				
13	telephone numbers on the National Do Not Call Registry, a listing of persons who do not wish to				
14	receive telephone solicitations that is maintained by the federal government. These consumers				
15	requested not to receive calls from Defendants, as set forth in § 64.1200 (d)(3).				
16	52. Defendants made, or directed to be made, more than one unsolicited telephone call				
17	to Plaintiff Hopwood and the Class members' cellular telephone numbers that were registered on				
18	the National Do Not Call Registry within a 12-month period, without their prior express consent to				
19	receive such calls.				
20	53. Defendants affirmatively and publically represent that any request to no longer be				
21	called by Defendants will be honored within seven days or less. As such, for purposes of 47				
22	C.F.R. § 64.1200 (d), Defendants identify seven days as a reasonable time period to honor a				
23	consumer's do-not-call request.				
24	54. Plaintiff and members of the Class expressly requested that Defendants no longer				
25	place calls to them, after which Defendants failed to place Plaintiff and members of the Class on				
26	Defendants' internal do-not-call list(s) (or failed to do so within its stated seven-day time period).				
27	55. More than seven days following Plaintiff's and the Class members' express				
28	requests to not receive calls from Defendants, Defendants placed additional calls to them without				
	SECOND AMENDED 10 CASE NO. 13-CV-2132-YGR CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT				

1	their consent and in violation of their request not to be called.					
2	2 56. Defendants viola	ted § 64.1200 (d) by initiating calls for telemarketing purposes to				
3	3 wireless telephone subscribers,	wireless telephone subscribers, such as Plaintiff and the Class, without instituting procedures that				
4	4 comply with the regulatory min	comply with the regulatory minimum standards for maintaining a list of persons who request not				
5	5 to receive telemarketing calls fr	to receive telemarketing calls from them.				
6	6 57. Defendants viola	ted 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5) because Plaintiff and the Class received				
7	7 more than one telephone call wi	more than one telephone call within a 12-month period made by or on behalf of the Defendants in				
8	8 violation of 47 C.F.R. § 64.120	violation of 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200, as described above. As a result of Defendants' conduct as				
9	9 alleged herein, Plaintiff and the	alleged herein, Plaintiff and the Class suffered actual damages and, under section 47 U.S.C. §				
10	227(c), are each entitled, <i>inter alia</i> , statutory damages for such violations of § 64.1200.					
11	1 58. To the extent De	fendants' misconduct is determined to be willful and knowing, the				
12	2 Court should, pursuant to § 227	Court should, pursuant to $ 227(c)(5) $, treble the amount of statutory damages recoverable by the				
13	3 members of the Class.	members of the Class.				
14	4	PRAYER FOR RELIEF				
15	5 WHEREFORE, Plaintif	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff William Hopwood, individually and on behalf of the Class, prays				
16	for the following relief:					
17	7 1. An order certifyi	ng the Class as defined above, appointing Plaintiff William				
18	8 Hopwood as the Class represent	ative and appointing his counsel as Class Counsel;				
19	9 2. An award of actu	al and/or statutory damages;				
20	20 3. An injunction red	uiring Defendants to cease all unsolicited telephone calling				
21	activities, and otherwise protecting the interests of the Class;					
22	4. An award of reas	onable attorneys' fees and costs; and				
23	5. Such other and f	urther relief that the Court deems reasonable and just.				
24	24	JURY DEMAND				
25	Plaintiff requests a trial by jury of all claims that can be so tried.					
26	26					
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	II					

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		Respectfully submitted,
1 2		WILLIAM HOPWOOD, individually and on
3	Dated: February 12, 2015	behalf of all others similarly situated, By: /s/ Benjamin H. Richman
4	Dated. February 12, 2015	One of Plaintiff's Attorneys
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